Statecharts - Tool

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Agenda

- □ Introduction
- □ Installing
- □ Modeling
- □ Simulation
- Practice

Yakindu Statecharts Tool

"The free to use, open source toolkit **YAKINDU Statechart Tools** (SCT) provides an integrated modeling environment for the specification and development of reactive, event-driven systems based on the concept of statecharts."



at http://statecharts.org

Features

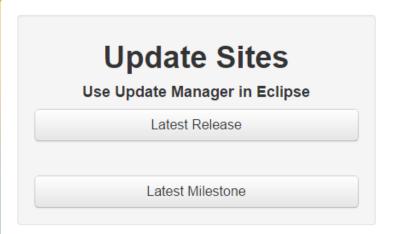
- □ Modeling
- Syntax checking
- □ Simulation
- Integration with Java code
- Code generation
 - Java
 - C
 - C++



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How to install using the Update Sites

- 1. Download and install an appropriate Eclipse version from http://www.eclipse.org/downloads
- 2. For a new installation
 - · choose Eclipse menu Help/Install New Software ...
 - press the "add" button in the top right corner of the installation wizard to add one of the update site URLs listed above...
 - · select the listed features
 - and follow the installation wizard
- 3. For updating the installed plugins select Help/Check for Updates...

After installing the plugins, a user guide is included in the Eclipse help. Choose Help/Help Contents from the menu. A browser window will pop up and you will find the user guide as an entry on the left side overview.

Online resources - documentation

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STARTED TUTORIAL

CallHandling example explained

Prepare a project

Create a statechart model

Use the Editor

Simulating the model

Generate Java code

Integration with client code

Weblinks

USER GUIDE

Overview

Statechart elements

Statechart Description

Language

Simulating Operations With

Custom Java Code

Generator Features

API Specification

Specifications of Java code

Specifications of C code

Getting started tutorial

This tutorial will introduce the open source project Yakindu Statechart Tools (SCT). SCT provide an integrated modeling environment for the specification and development of reactive, event-driven systems based on the concept of statecharts. It is an easy to use tool that features sophisticated graphical editing, validation and simulation of statecharts as well as code generation for Java, C and C++.

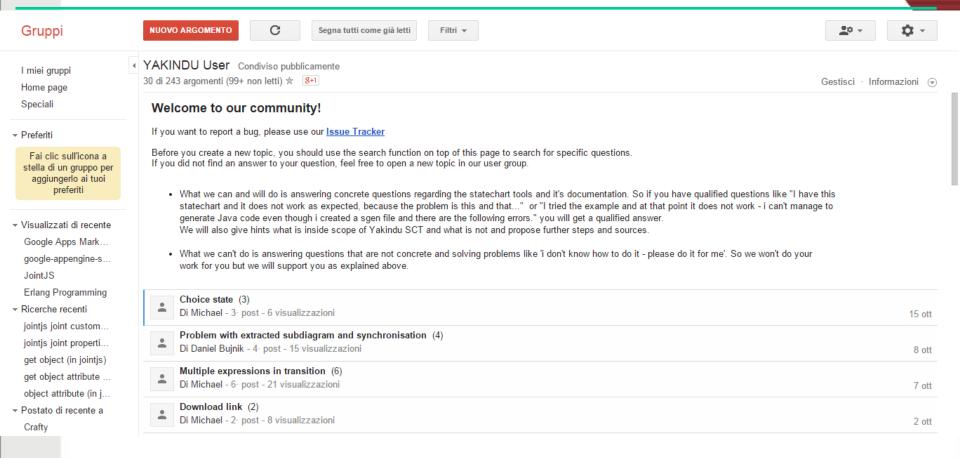
In this tutorial you will learn how to create a new statechart model, execute it with the simulation engine and generate a fully working Java statechart implementation out of the model. Note that this tutorial will not explain statecharts in general, so you should yourself familiarize with the basic concepts of state machines first. Before we get started, make sure you have Yakindu Statechart Tools properly installed. For installation instructions visit the download section.

CallHandling example explained

The example application we will create during this tutorial is a system for handling of incoming phone calls. After start up, the system is in an Idle state and waits for incoming calls. If a call comes in, the user can either accept the call and open a connection or dismiss it. If the connection is opened, the system tracks the duration of the call and waits for the user to hang up. After hang up, the system displays the total time of call and returns to its idle state. The complete statechart model is shown below:



Online resources - forum



Yakindu – installing & Running

Installing

If you get the "Full Eclipse" version, all you need to do is to extract the downloaded file

	Nome	Data de modificaç	Tipo	Tamanho
	la eclipse	14/10/2014 12:52	Pasta de arquivos	
218.987 KB 218.987 KB	\mu yakindu luna	13/10/2014 21:13	Pasta de arquivos	
	🛂 yakindu-sct-luna-R-win32-win32-x86.zip	13/10/2014 21:13	zip Archive	218.987 KB

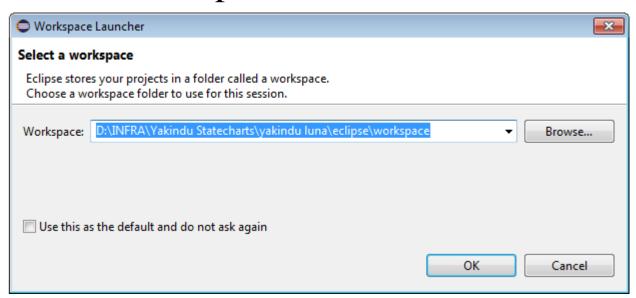
Running (1/3)

And then just run the Eclipse execution file from the folder you've just extracted

Nome	Data de modificaç	Tipo	Tamanho
퉱 .metadata	16/10/2014 05:55	Pasta de arquivos	
configuration	16/10/2014 05:58	Pasta de arquivos	
📗 dropins	11/06/2014 22:35	Pasta de arquivos	
📗 features	13/10/2014 21:14	Pasta de arquivos	
№ p2	13/10/2014 21:14	Pasta de arquivos	
📗 plugins	13/10/2014 21:14	Pasta de arquivos	
📗 readme	13/10/2014 21:13	Pasta de arquivos	
퉱 workspace	16/10/2014 06:13	Pasta de arquivos	
.eclipseproduct	04/06/2014 15:06	Arquivo ECLIPSEP	1 K
artifacts.xml	08/08/2014 09:14	Documento XML	186 K
eclipse.exe	11/06/2014 22:36	Aplicativo	320 K
eclipse.ini	08/08/2014 09:14	Parâmetros de co	1 K
eclipsec.exe	11/06/2014 22:36	Aplicativo	32 K
epl-v10.html	04/06/2014 15:13	Chrome HTML Do	13 K
o notice.html	04/06/2014 15:06	Chrome HTML Do	9 K

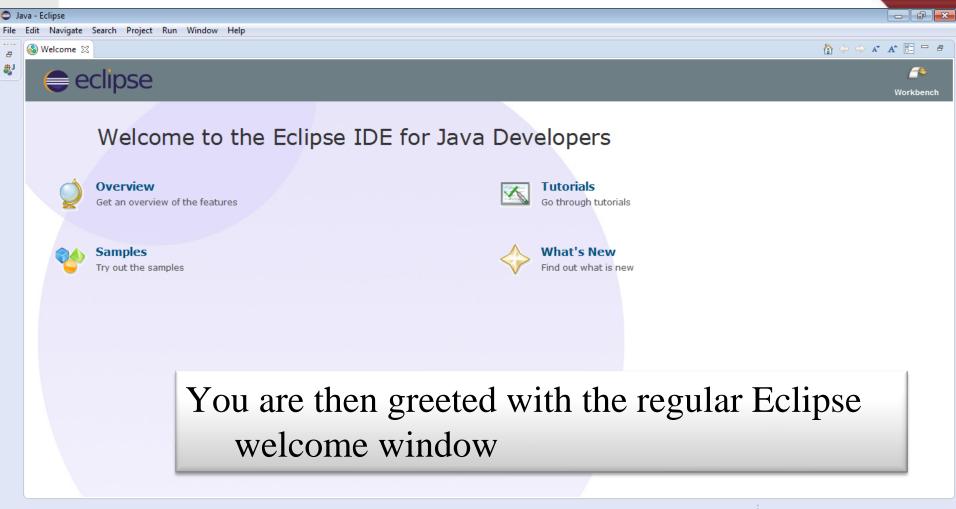
Running (2/3)

During startup you'll be prompted with the usual "Select a worspace" window



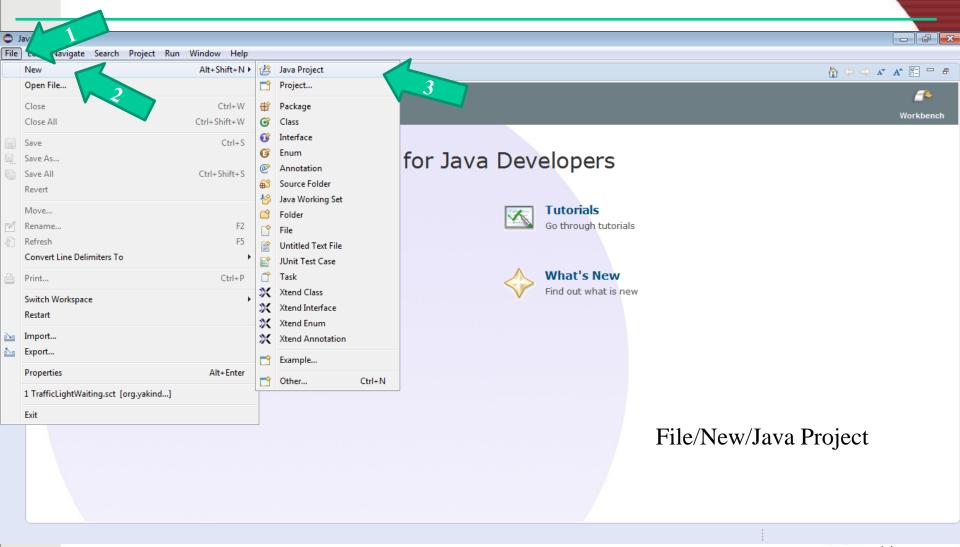
You can choose any folder to store your projects' files, then press "OK"

Running (3/3)

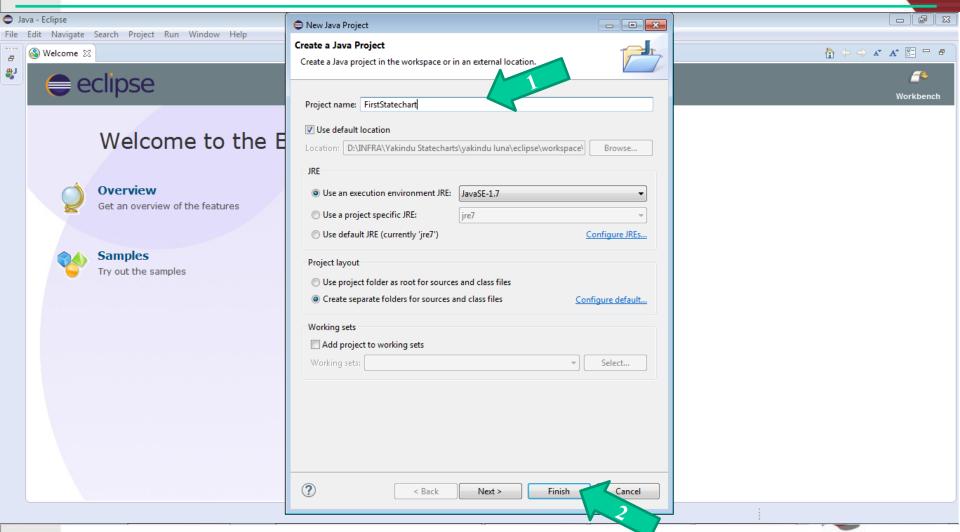


Creating a new project

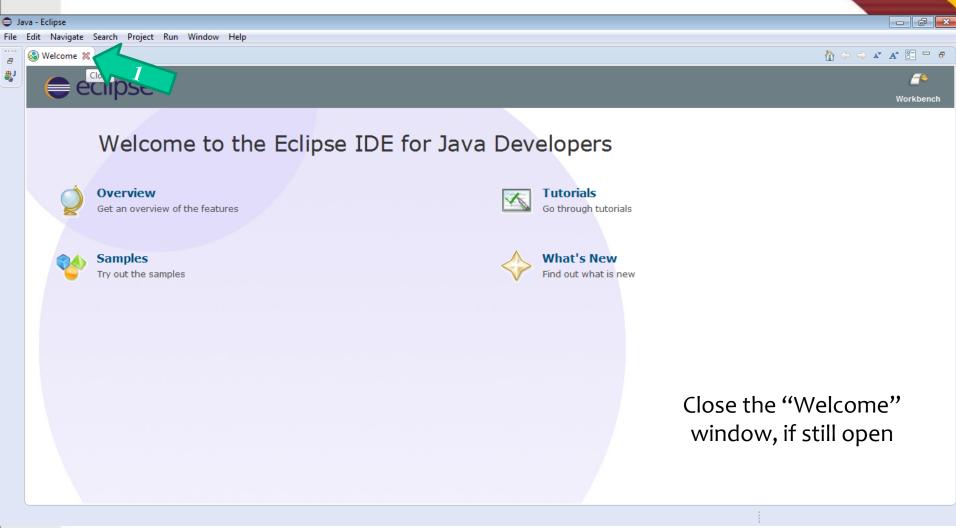
Creating a new project (1/4)



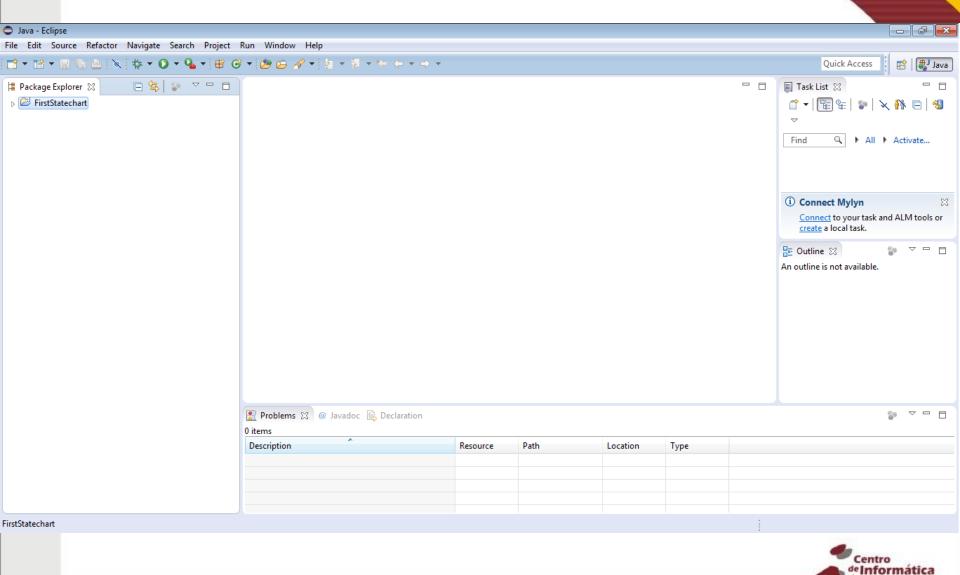
Creating a new project (2/4)



Creating a new project (3/4)

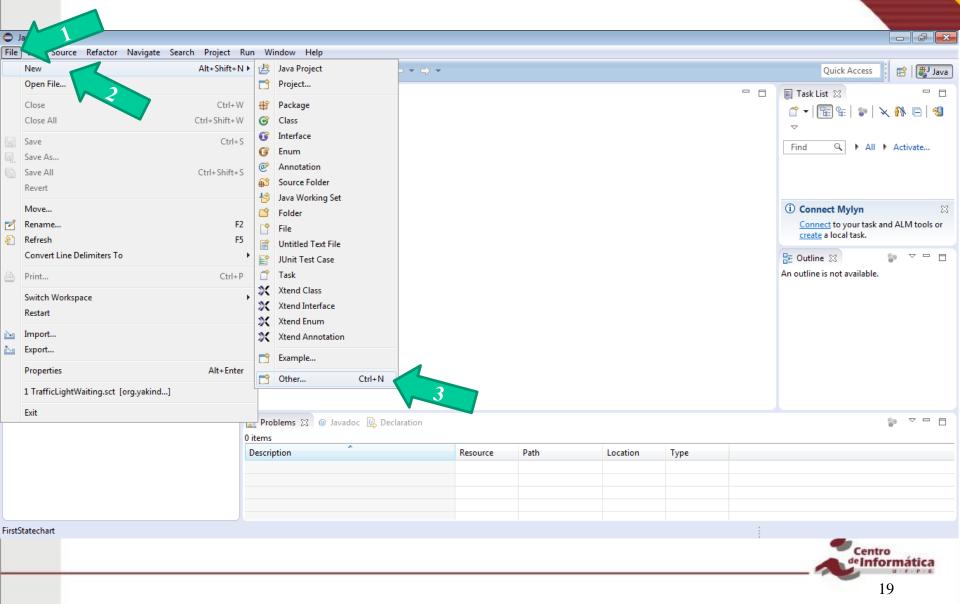


Creating a new project (4/4)

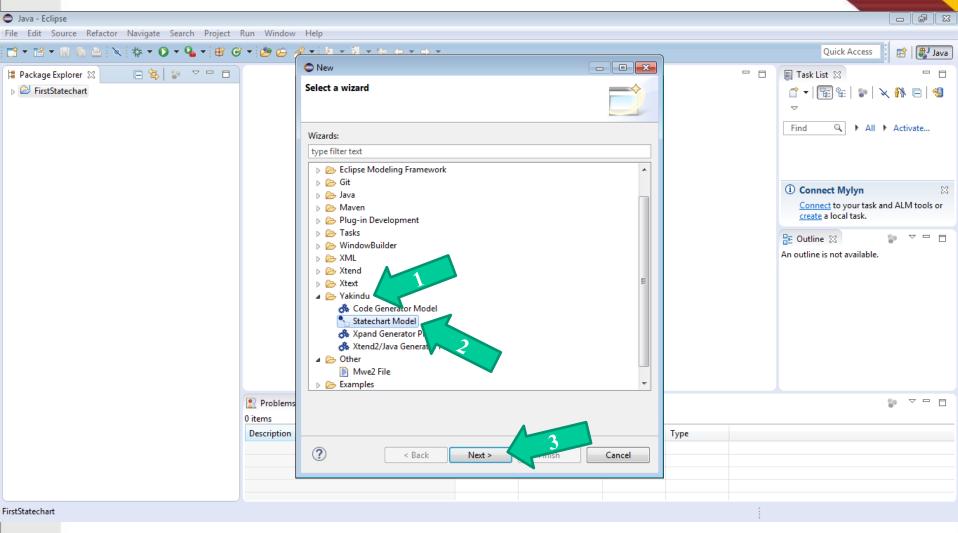


Creating a new statechart

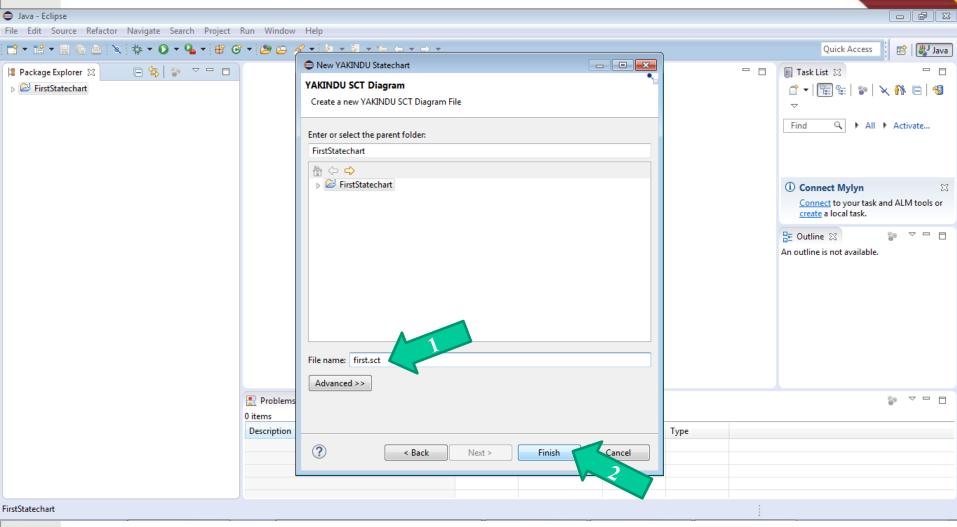
Creating a new statechart (1/5)



Creating a new statechart (2/5)



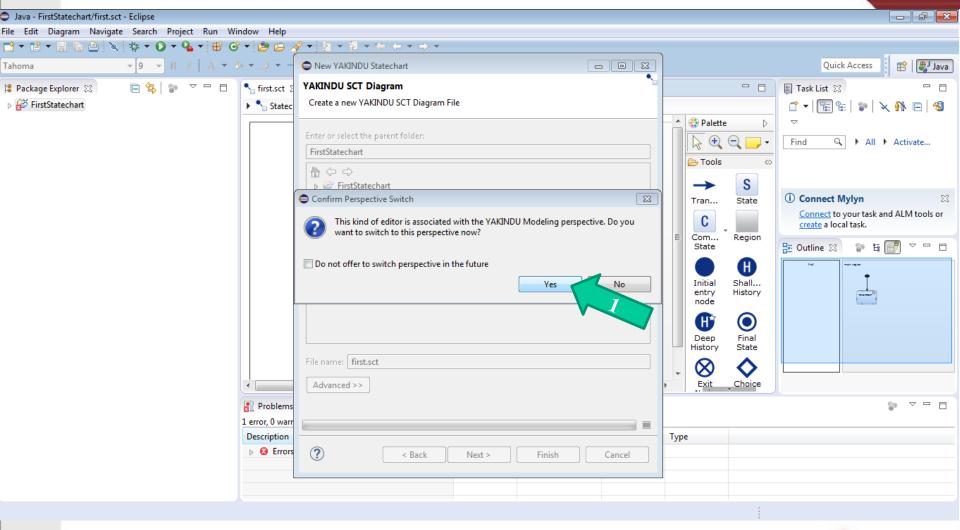
Creating a new statechart (3/5)



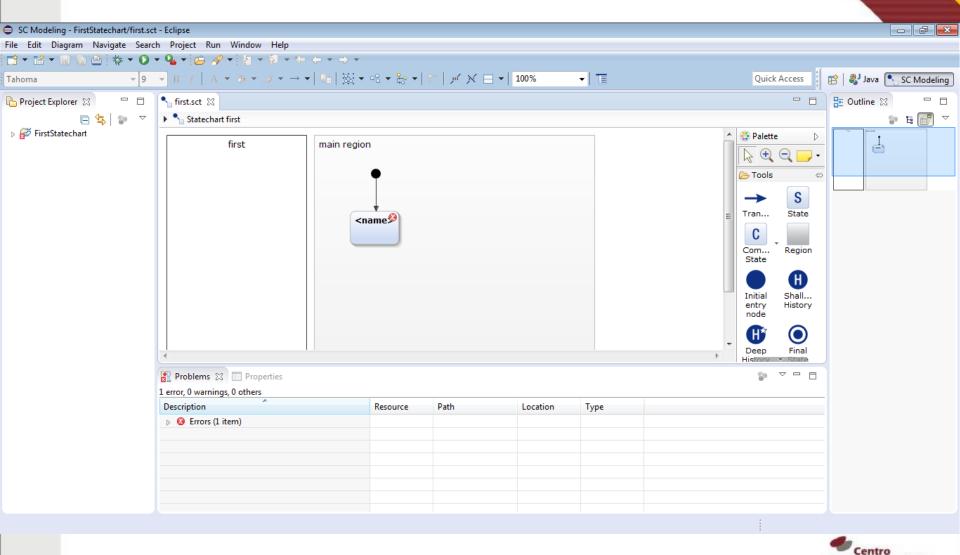
1) Write a name for your statechart, with the ".sct" extension

Centro

Creating a new statechart (4/5)

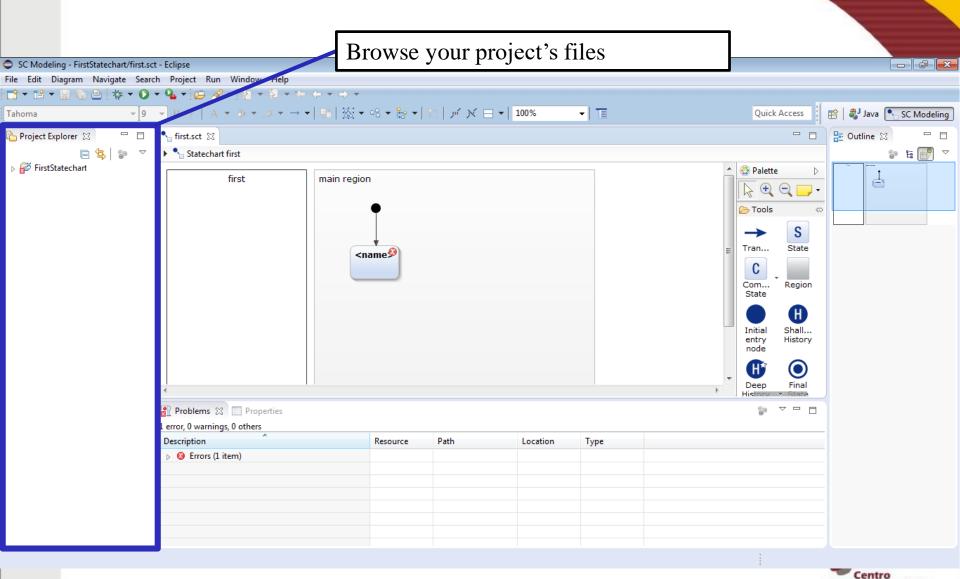


Creating a new statechart (5/5)

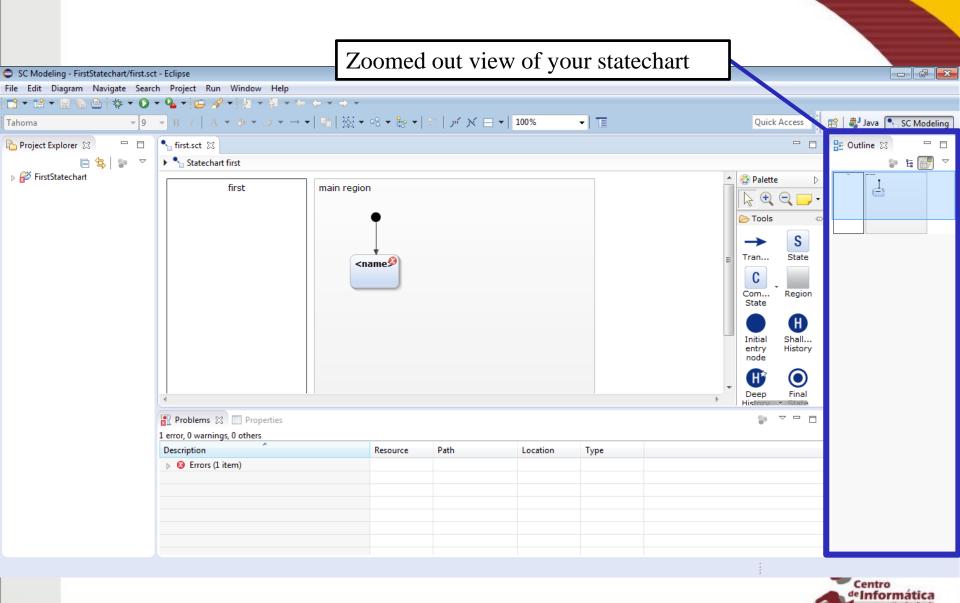


Getting to know the environment

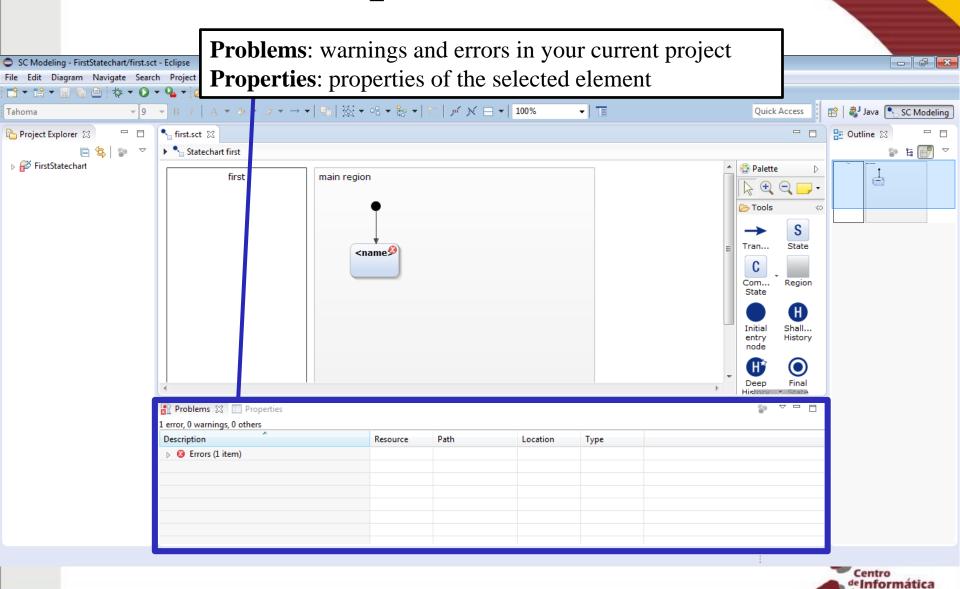
Project Explorer



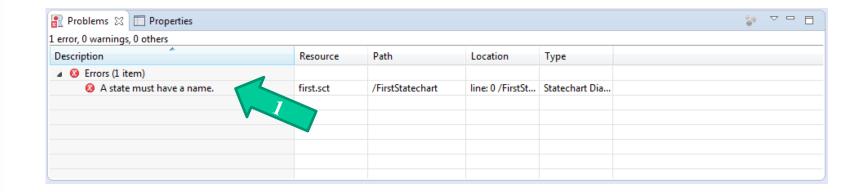
Outline



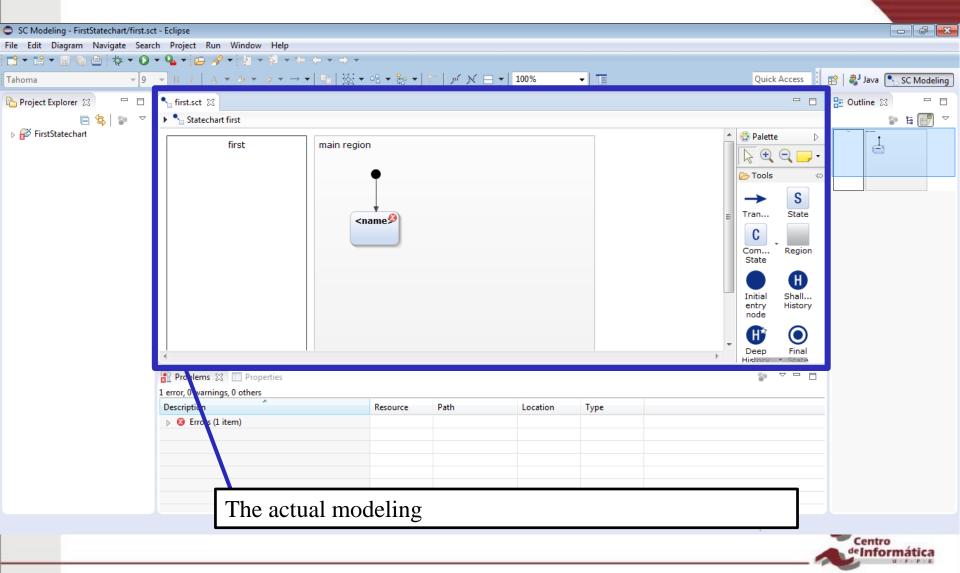
Problems/Properties



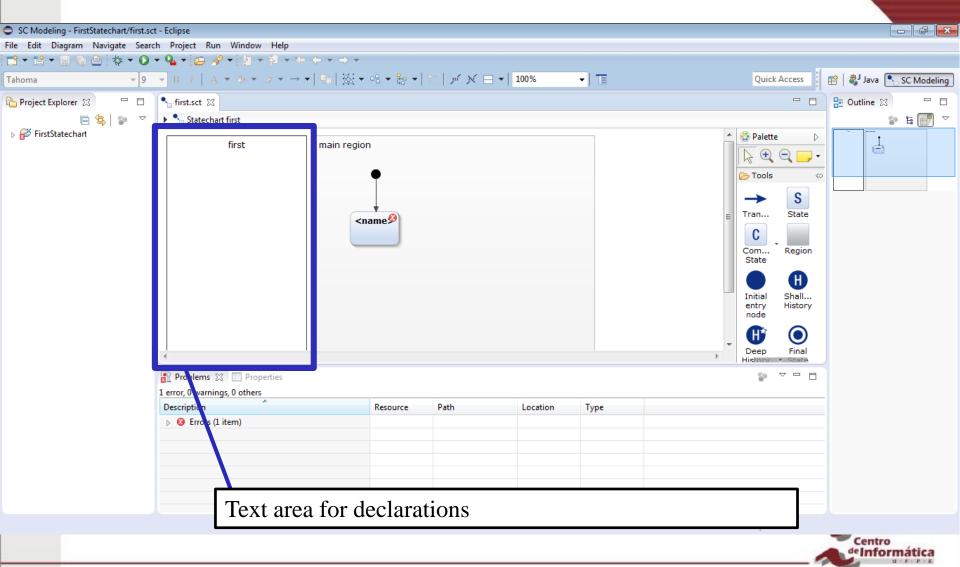
Problems



Main Panel (1/4)

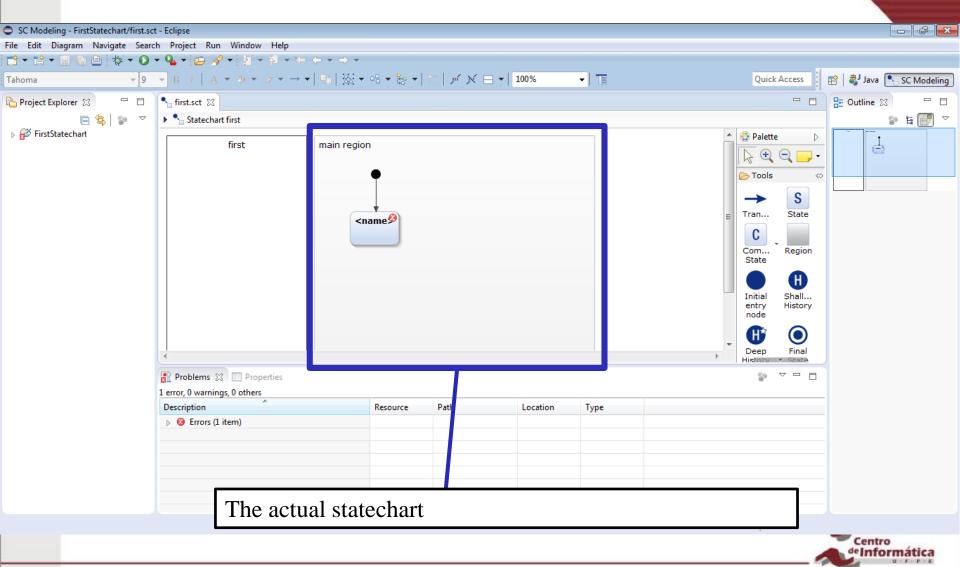


Main Panel (2/4)



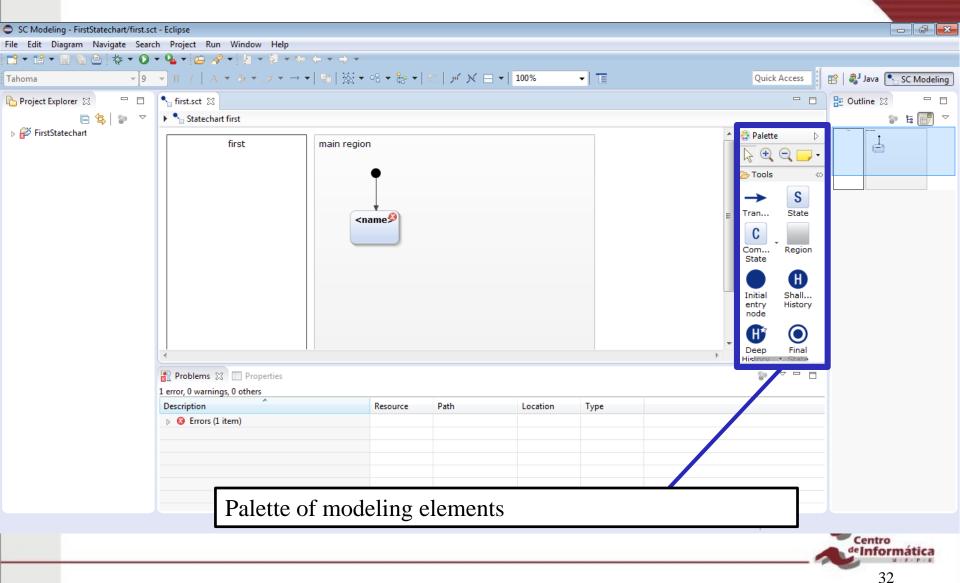
30

Main Panel (3/4)

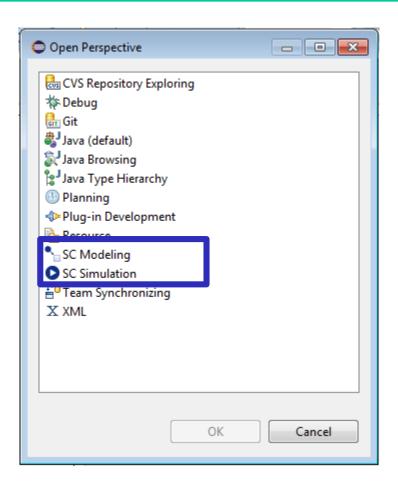


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Main Panel (3/4)

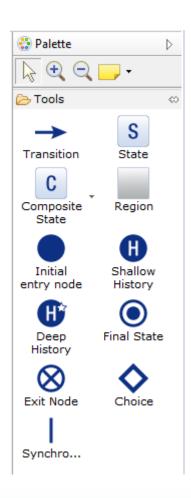


Perspective



Inserting elements

Pallete



→ Transition - Creates a transition

S State - Creates a state

C Composite State - Creates a composite state

Orthogonal State - Creates a orthogonal state

Region - Creates a region

Initial entry node - Creates an initial entry node

Shallow History - Creates a shallow history

Deep History - Creates a deep history

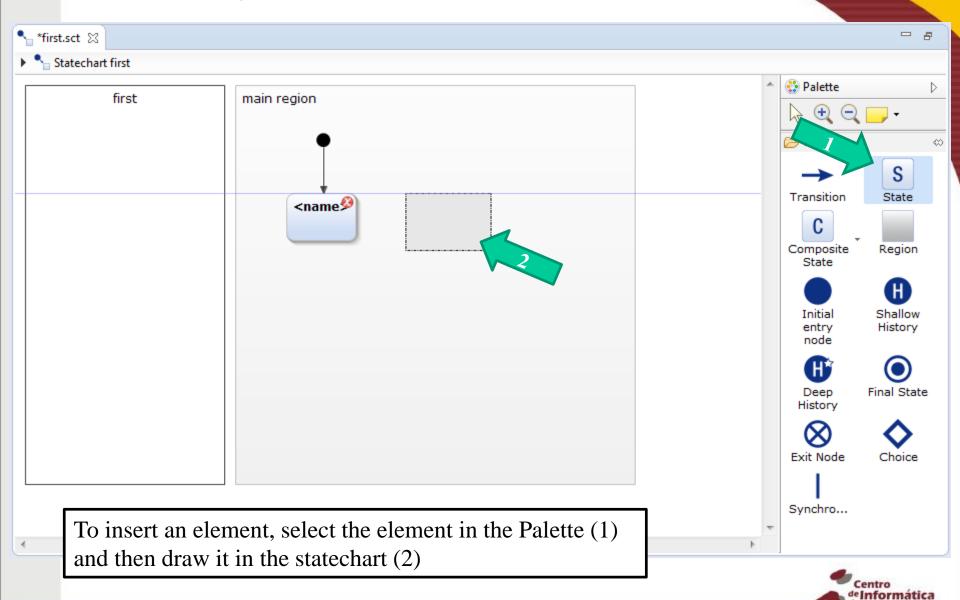
Final State - Creates a final state

Exit Node - Creates an exit node

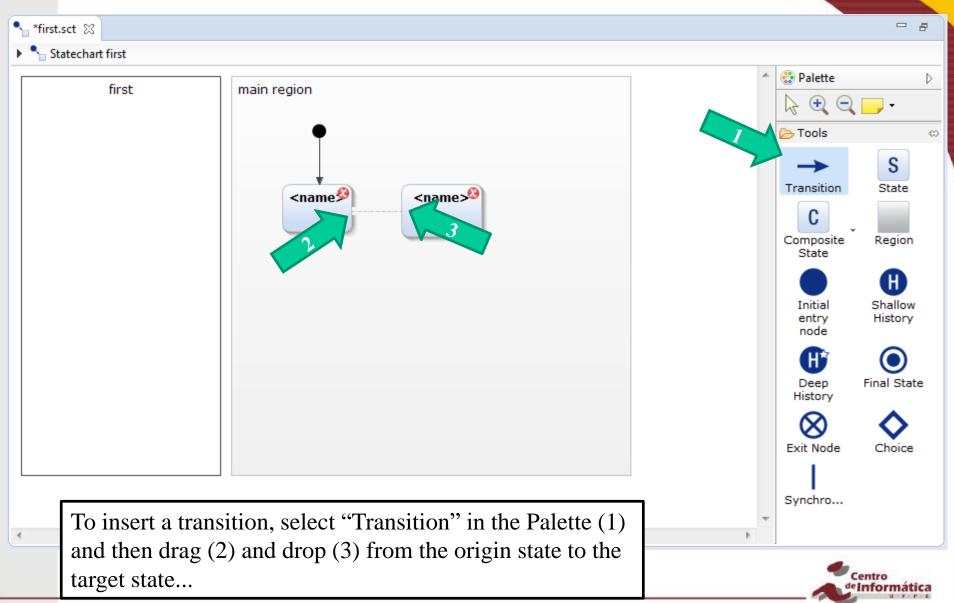
Choice - Creates a choice

Synchronization - Creates a synchronization

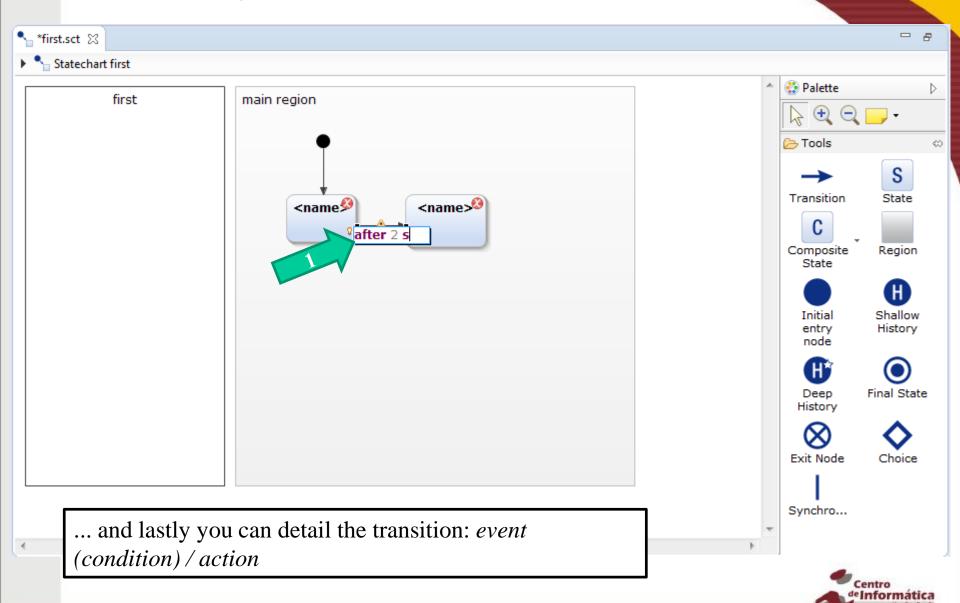
Inserting elements



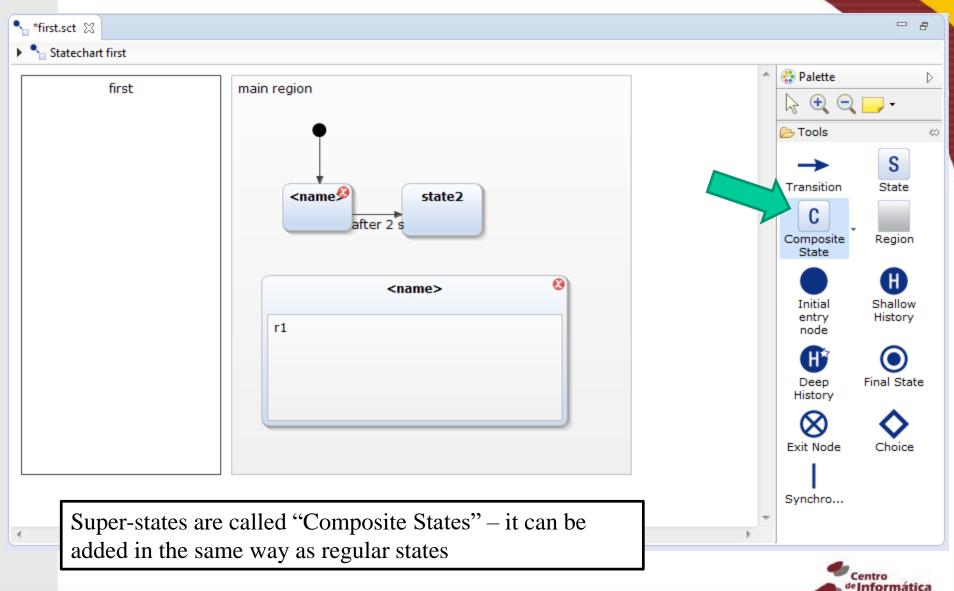
Inserting transitions (1/2)



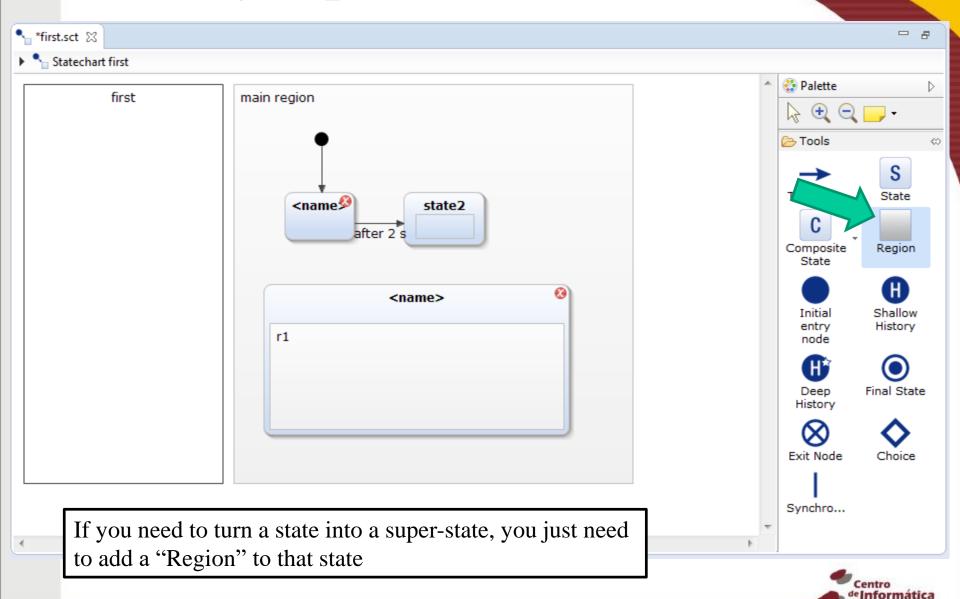
Inserting transitions (2/2)



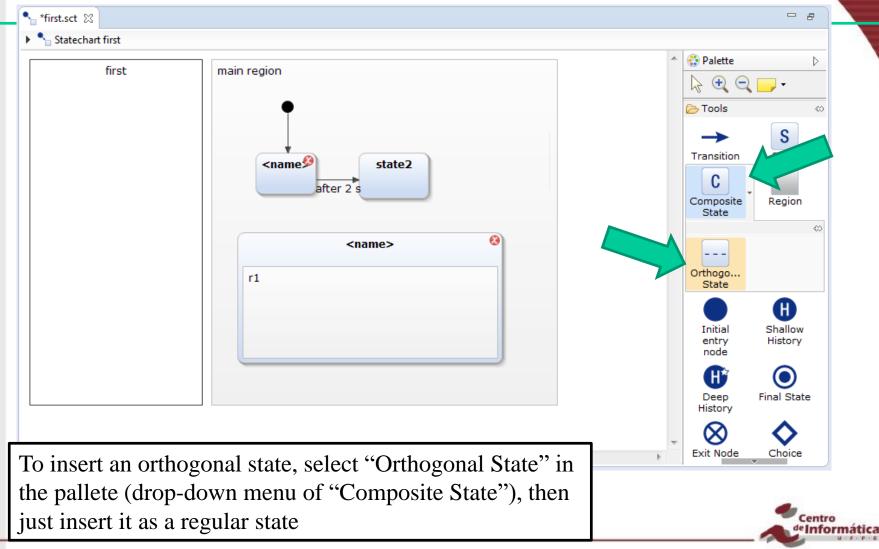
Inserting super-states (1/2)



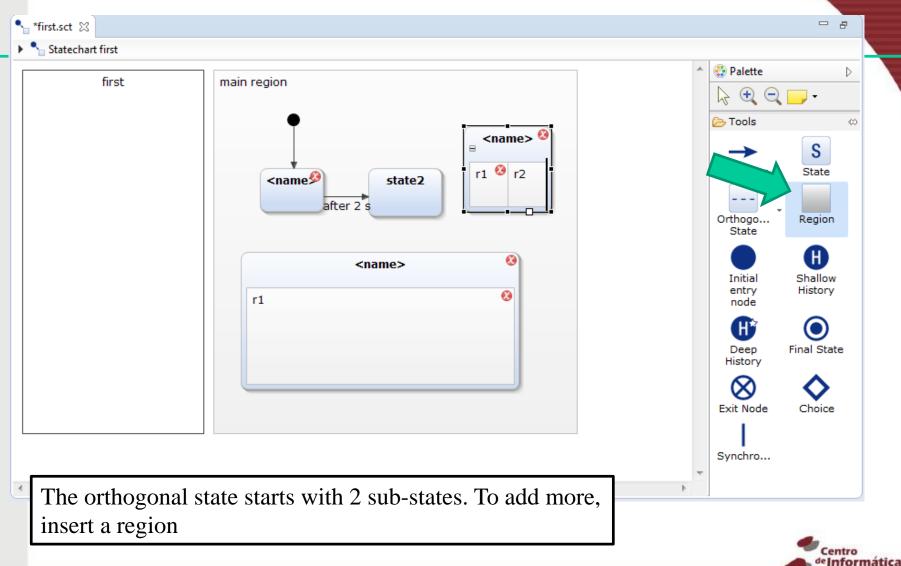
Inserting super-states (2/2)



Inserting orthogonal states (1/3)

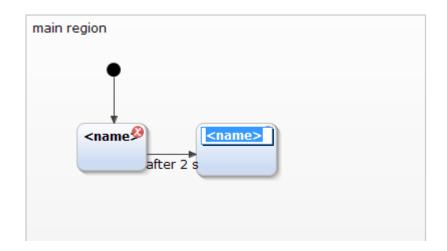


Inserting orthogonal states (2/3)



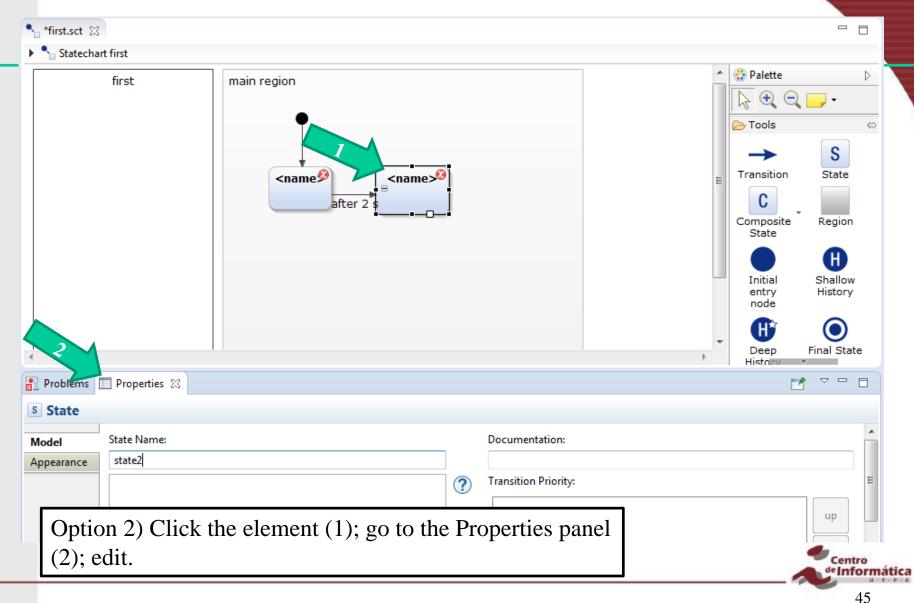
Editing elements

Editing elements (1/2)



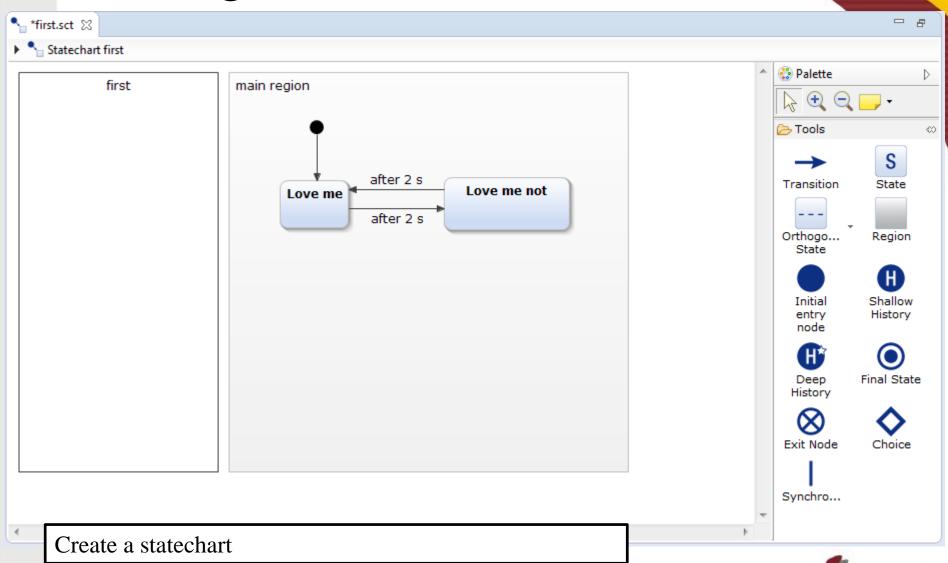
Option 1) Double-click the element; write; press Enter.

Editing elements (2/2)



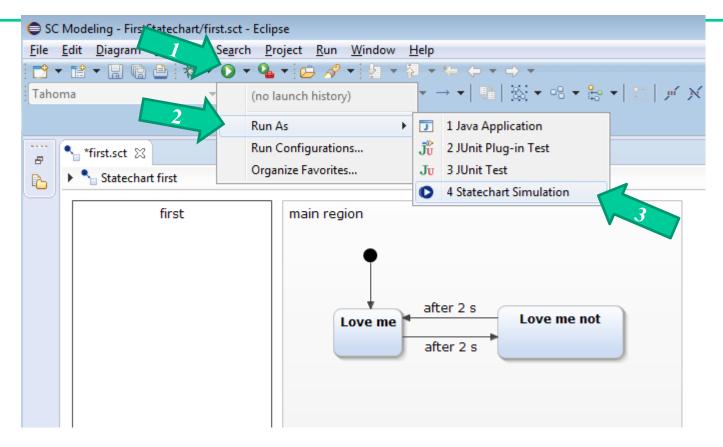
Simulation

Running a simulation (1/3)



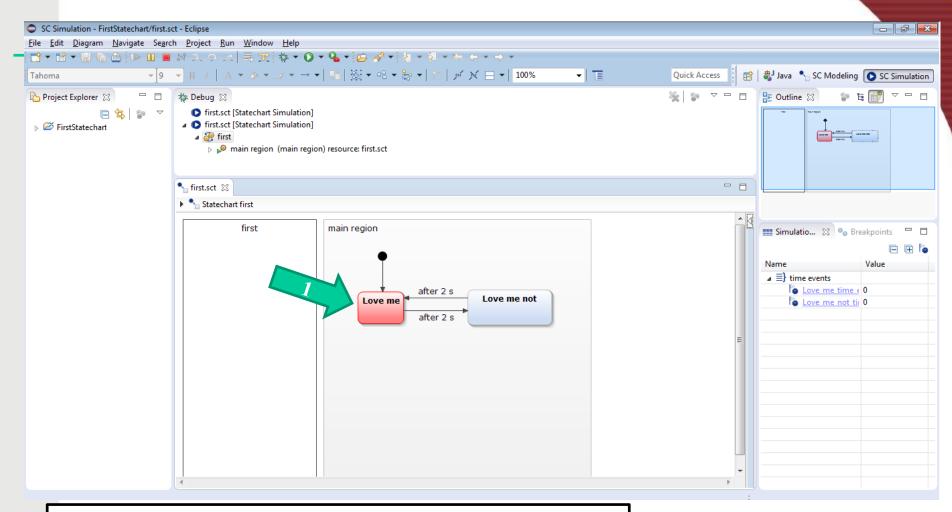
Centro

Running a simulation (2/3)



In the Run menu (1), select "Run As" (2), "Statechart Simulation (3)

Running a simulation (3/3)



The tool will change to the "SC Simulation" perspective Active states are highlighted in red (1)



Practice 1

Create this statechart and simulate its execution

main region first after 2 s Love me not Love me after 2 s

Events

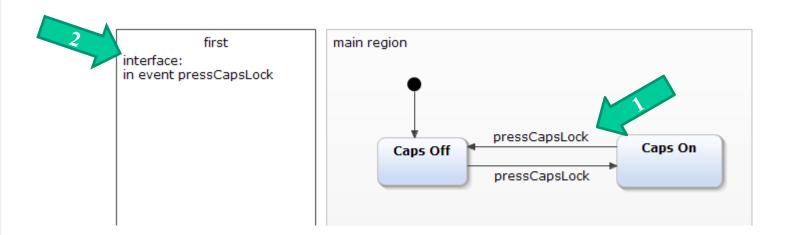
After

- □ Syntax: after *time unit*
- □ Unit:
 - s seconds
 - *ms* milliseconds
 - *us* microseconds
 - *ns* nanoseconds
 - empty implies seconds



Custom Events

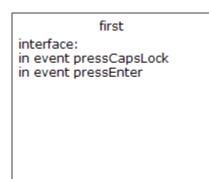
- ☐ You can write any event in your transitions (1)
 - But you need to declare the events (2)

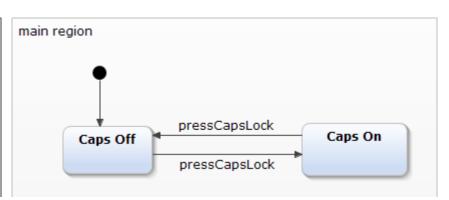


Defining events (general)

☐ You can define general events

```
interface:
in event pressCapsLocks
in event pressEnter
in event ...
```



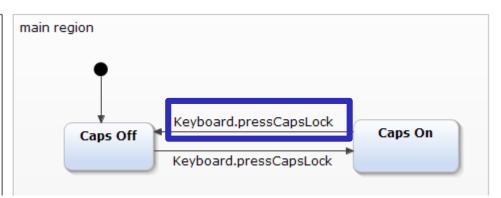


Defining events (scoped)

☐ Or you can define scoped events

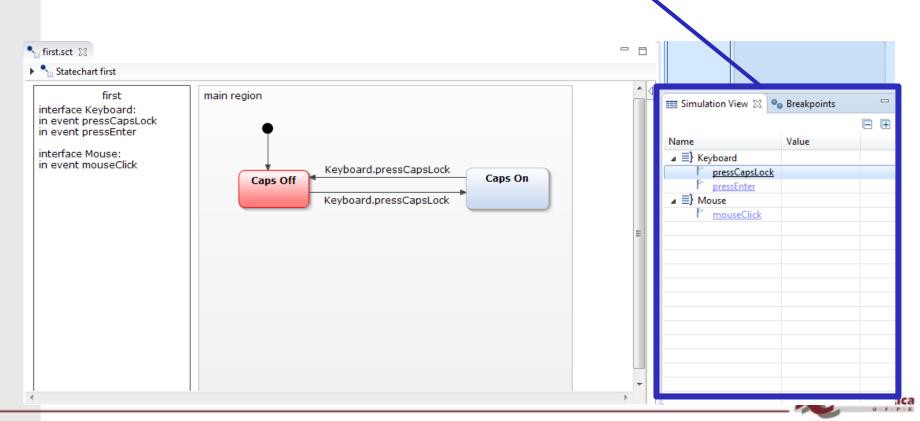
```
interface Keyboard:
in event pressCapsLocks
in event pressEnter
in event ...
```

first
interface Keyboard:
in event pressCapsLock
in event pressEnter
interface Mouse:
in event mouseClick



Events in a simulation

During simulation, the declared events appear in a list of events, which can be clicked to simulate the occurrence of that event



Variables and Actions

Variables (declaring 1/2)

```
internal:
var varName:varType = startingValue
```

```
Ex: var count:integer = 0
```

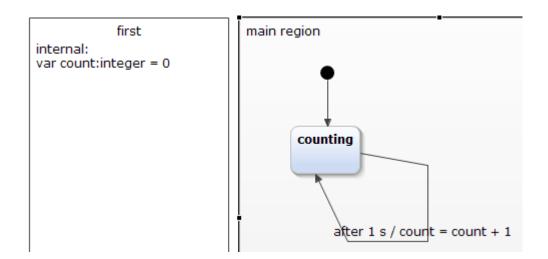
```
first
internal:
var count:integer = 0
```

Variables (declaring 2/2)

- □ Possible types:
 - integer
 - real
 - boolean
 - string

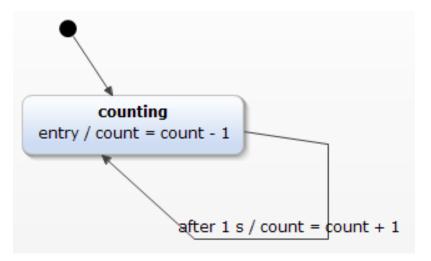
Variables (modifying)

Variable can be modified by actions



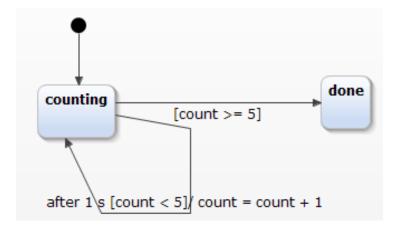
Actions

- □ Transition
 - event [condition] / <u>action</u>
- □ State
 - entry / <u>action</u>
 - exit / <u>action</u>



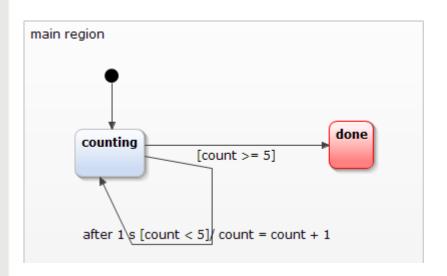
Variables (conditions)

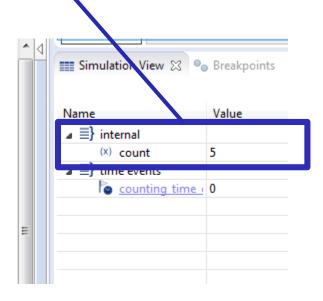
- □ Variables can also be used to define conditions
 - event [condition] / action



Variables (simulation)

During simulation, the current value of variables is also displayed in the "Simulation View"





Variables and Actions

Practice 2

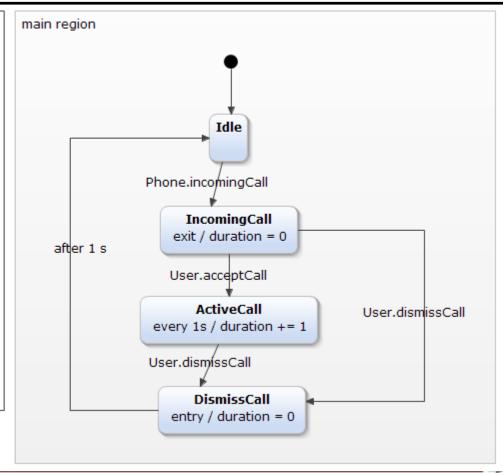
Create this statechart and simulate its execution

phonecall interface User: in event dismissCall in event acceptCall

interface Phone: in event incomingCall

internal:

var duration : integer



Practice 3

Create the statechart for a traffic light, and simulate its execution

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